

Stat 98/198: 9/15 Discussion Questions

2. The probability that a visit to a primary care physician's (PCP) office results in neither lab work nor referral to a specialist is 35%. Of those coming to a PCP's office, 30% are referred to specialists and 40% require lab work.

Determine the probability that a visit to a PCP's office results in both lab work and referral to a specialist.

- (A) 0.05 (B) 0.12 (C) 0.18 (D) 0.25 (E) 0.35

9. An insurance company examines its pool of auto insurance customers and gathers the following information:

- (i) All customers insure at least one car.
- (ii) 70% of the customers insure more than one car.
- (iii) 20% of the customers insure a sports car.
- (iv) Of those customers who insure more than one car, 15% insure a sports car.

Calculate the probability that a randomly selected customer insures exactly one car and that car is not a sports car.

- (A) 0.13 (B) 0.21 (C) 0.24 (D) 0.25 (E) 0.30

15. An insurer offers a health plan to the employees of a large company. As part of this plan, the individual employees may choose exactly two of the supplementary coverages A, B, and C, or they may choose no supplementary coverage. The proportions of the company's employees that choose coverages A, B, and C are $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, and $\frac{5}{12}$, respectively.

Determine the probability that a randomly chosen employee will choose no supplementary coverage.

- (A) 0 (B) $\frac{47}{144}$ (C) $\frac{1}{2}$ (D) $\frac{97}{144}$ (E) $\frac{7}{9}$

20. An insurance company issues life insurance policies in three separate categories: standard, preferred, and ultra-preferred. Of the company's policyholders, 50% are standard, 40% are preferred, and 10% are ultra-preferred. Each standard policyholder has probability 0.010 of dying in the next year, each preferred policyholder has probability 0.005 of dying in the next year, and each ultra-preferred policyholder has probability 0.001 of dying in the next year.

A policyholder dies in the next year.

What is the probability that the deceased policyholder was ultra-preferred?

- (A) 0.0001 (B) 0.0010 (C) 0.0071 (D) 0.0141 (E) 0.2817

23. An actuary studied the likelihood that different types of drivers would be involved in at least one collision during any one-year period. The results of the study are presented below.

Type of driver	Percentage of all drivers	Probability of at least one collision
Teen	8%	0.15
Young adult	16%	0.08
Midlife	45%	0.04
Senior	31%	0.05
Total	100%	

Given that a driver has been involved in at least one collision in the past year, what is the probability that the driver is a young adult driver?

- (A) 0.06
- (B) 0.16
- (C) 0.19
- (D) 0.22
- (E) 0.25